



Bemidji Area Behavioral Health Program



Chris Paole LISW Behavioral Health Consultant Bemidji Area IHS Seprieono Locario Tribal Action Plan & Wellness Coordinator SAMHSA Tribal TTA Center Gloria Cobb Economic Support Director Lac Du Flambeau

Objectives

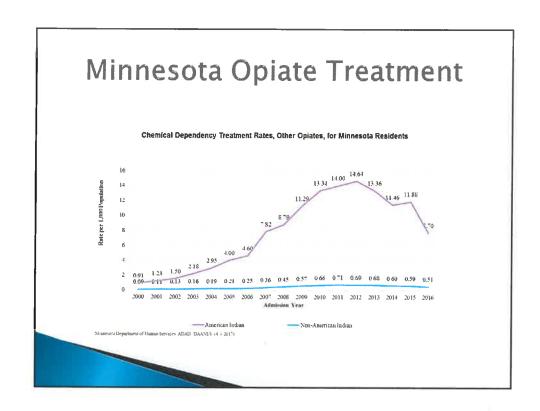
- Overview of opioid crisis among AI/AN
- > Summarize the opioid crisis in Minnesota
- Overview of the MOM's program
- Signs and symptoms
- Overview of TLOA and TAP
- Introduction to Federal T&TA
- Collaboration for a successful TAP

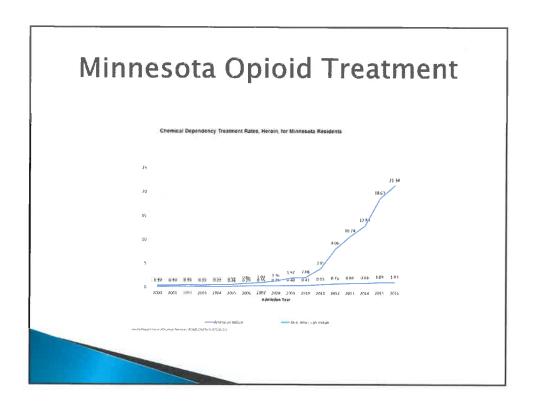
Opioids vs Opiates

- Opiates Drugs derived from opium
 - Morphine
 - Codeine
 - Heroin
- Dpioids -
 - Traditionally used to describe synthetic opiates only
 - Methadone
 - Percocet
 - Vicodin
 - Today used to refer to the entire family of opiates.
 - Often used interchangeably now.

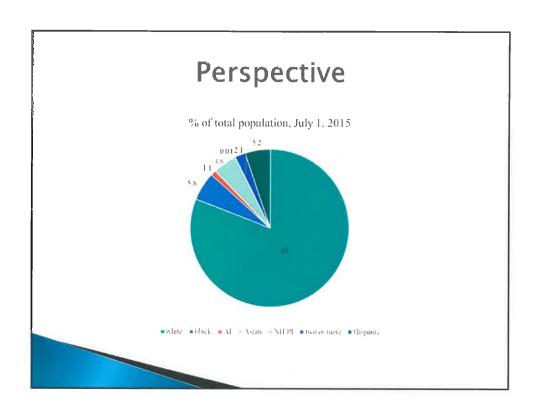
Data in Indian Country

- Sources of data
- Sovereignty and data collection
- Data as a source of historical trauma



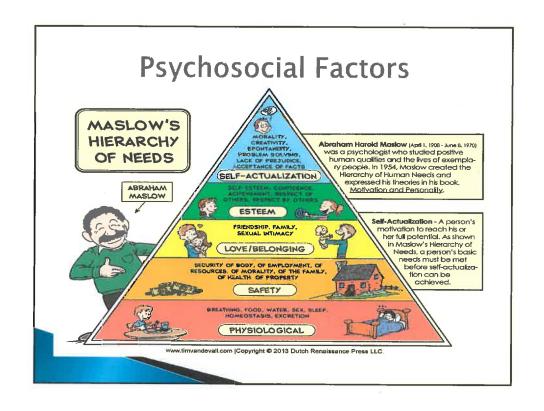






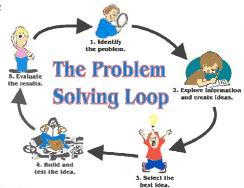
Signs and Symptoms

- Under influence
 - Euphoria
 - Confusion
 - Constricted pupils
 - Intermittent nodding off / loss of consciousness.
- Behavioral clues
 - Doctor shopping
 - Sudden financial problems
- Withdrawal
 - Head ache
 - Sweating
 - Anxiety
 - Inability to sleep



Problem Focused Intervention

- The five C's
 - · Constructing a problem definition
 - Collaborative goal setting
 - Collaborative problem solving
 - Contracting for change
 - Continuing support



MOM's Program

- White Earth
- Comprehensive NAS prevention program
- Medication Assisted Treatment Suboxone
- Day Treatment
- Parenting
- Outcomes anecdotal but promising

Tribal Law and Order Act

- The TLOA of 2010 requires federal agencies, including SAMHSA, to coordinate existing federal resources to combat alcohol and substance misuse in tribal communities
- SAMHSA works with Department of Justice (DOJ), Department of the Interior (DOI), and other HHS agencies to assist Native communities with prevention, intervention, and treatment goals related to substance use

samhsa gov/sites/default/files/tap-development-resources.pdf

cope of the roblem	HHS, IHS, DOJ	Law enforcement and judicial training	BIA, DOJ
Identification of programs	HHS, IHS, DOJ		
Minimum program standards	HHS, IHS, DOJ	Emergency medical assistance	BIA
Assessment of esources	HHS, IHS, DOJ	Emergency shelters	BIA
AP levelopment	IHS, BIA, QJP	Child abuse and neglect	BIA
Newsletter	DOI	Juvenile detention centers	HHS, DOI, DOJ
		Model juvenile code	DOI, DOJ

Carrying O	ut the Inter	nt of TLOA
Feedback/Recommen Work Groups	Interdepartmental Coordinating Committee	Carry out TLOA directives and provide guidance for action
TAP	Office of Indian	Align, leverage, and coordinat
Minimum program standards	Substance Abuse (OIASA)	
Native youth educational services	OIASA Membership	Pool of resources, response protocols, and ideas and input
Inventory/resources	Regional point of contacts	Engage with tribes and provide link to OIASA
Resource Navigation to Native Specific	Tribes	Lead the community and federal partners to address substance use concerns
Data Sets	Tribal community contacts	Create plans and identify resources with local partners in the community
	TAPs	Tribe specific action planning

Federal TLOA Website Links SAMHSA OIASA https://www.samhsa.gov/tloa https://www.justice.gov/tribal Justice and Safety Bureau of Justice Programs, DOJ https://www.bja.gov/Program Details.aspx?Program_ID=88 TLOA Resource Page, IHS https://www.ihs.gov/asap/trib allaw

Tribal Action Plans

- The TAP, developed under TLOA, are focused on tribally-driven strategic planning
- Community ownership of a TAP is the primary goal
- ▶ TAPs can be updated every 2 years
- TAPs are utilized by tribal leadership and infrastructure and partners of the tribe as an ongoing framework to address substance use

Purpose of the TAP

- Address alcohol and substance abuse proactively
- Identify strengths within the tribe (culture, people, policies) and resources (programs, people, funding, space, transportation)
- Assess prevention and treatment needs
- Coordinate resources and identify gaps
- Develop strategic action plan

TTA Opportunities

- Virtual TTA
 - -Learning communities
 - -Webinars and other web-based TA
- Onsite TTA support
 - -Collaborative trainings with tribal leadership and prevention teams
 - -Training of Facilitators
 - -TAP trainings
- National prevention and educational resources

SAMHSA and HHS Resources

- Tribal Affairs Office of Tribal Affairs and Policy (OTAP)
- Alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs
- Mental and substance use disorders
- Prevention of substance abuse and mental illness
- Suicide prevention
- Drug Free Communities Program
- Native Connections Grant Program
- > Tribal Behavioral Health Grant

SAMHSA and HHS Resources

- Garrett Lee Smith Tribal Youth Suicide Prevention
- Campus Suicide Prevention Program
- Circles of Care
- Systems of Care
- Strategic Prevention Framework Partnerships for Success
- Project Linking Actions for Unmet Needs in Children's Health (LAUNCH)
- ▶ Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts

Engaging the Center

• Go to the SAMHSA Tribal TTA Center website:

http://www.samhsa.gov/tribal-ttac/contact-us

- Enter name and email address
- Briefly outline your TTA request details (2 to 5 sentences)
- We will respond to schedule a call to further discuss your request and how we can collaborate and support your prevention efforts



